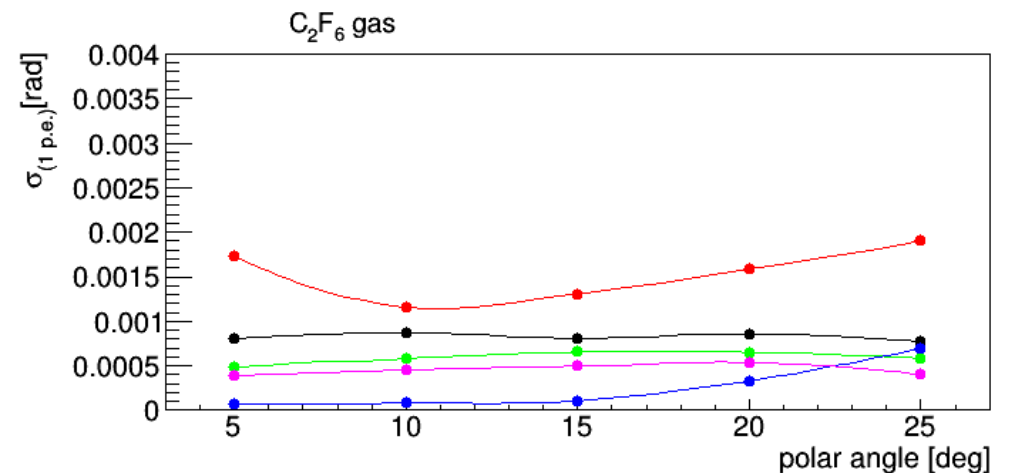
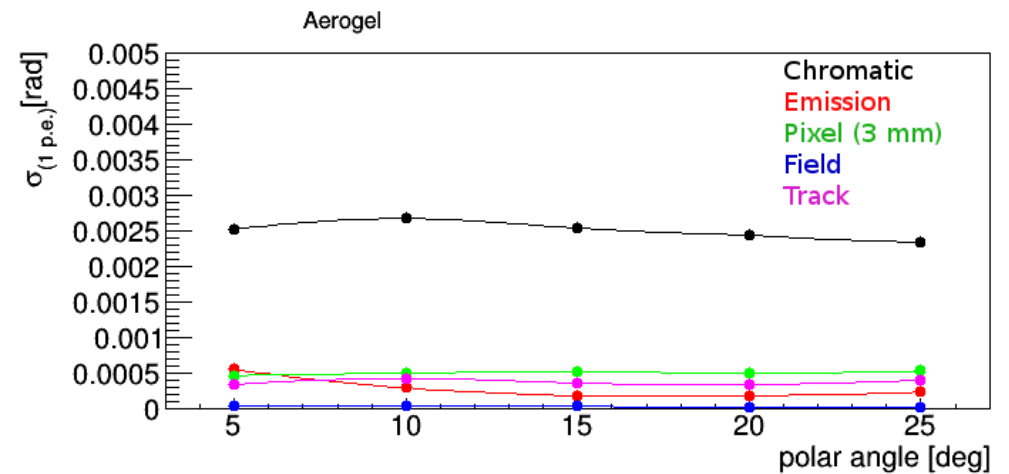
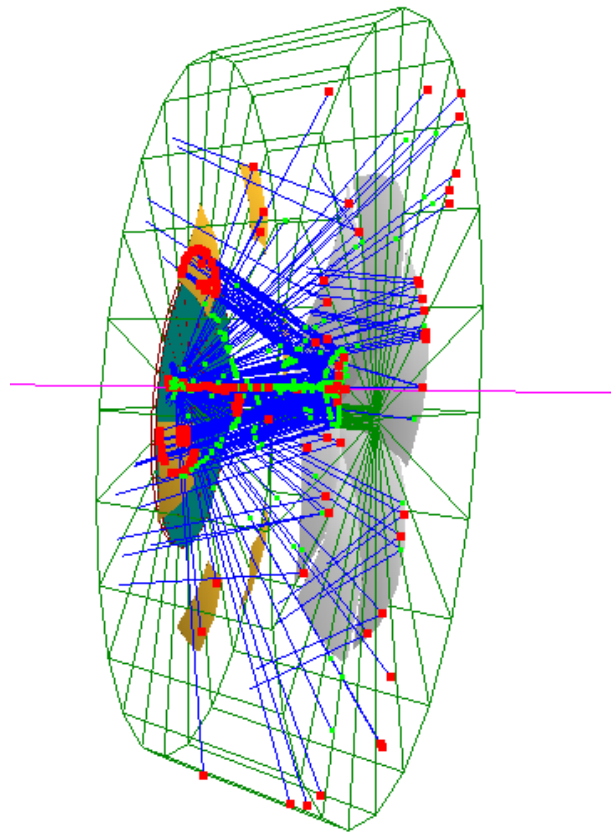


Dual-radiator RICH: update

Alessio Del Dotto for the EIC PID/RICH collaboration
December 19, 2016

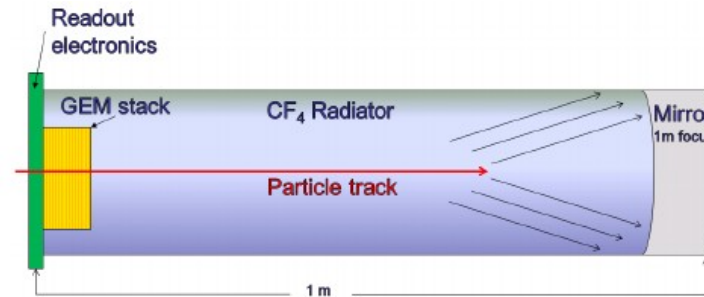
Resolution with the filter (aerogel + C₂F₆)



Number of p.e. for the gas – CF₄ (Hemmick prototype)

Performance of a Quintuple-GEM Based RICH Detector Prototype

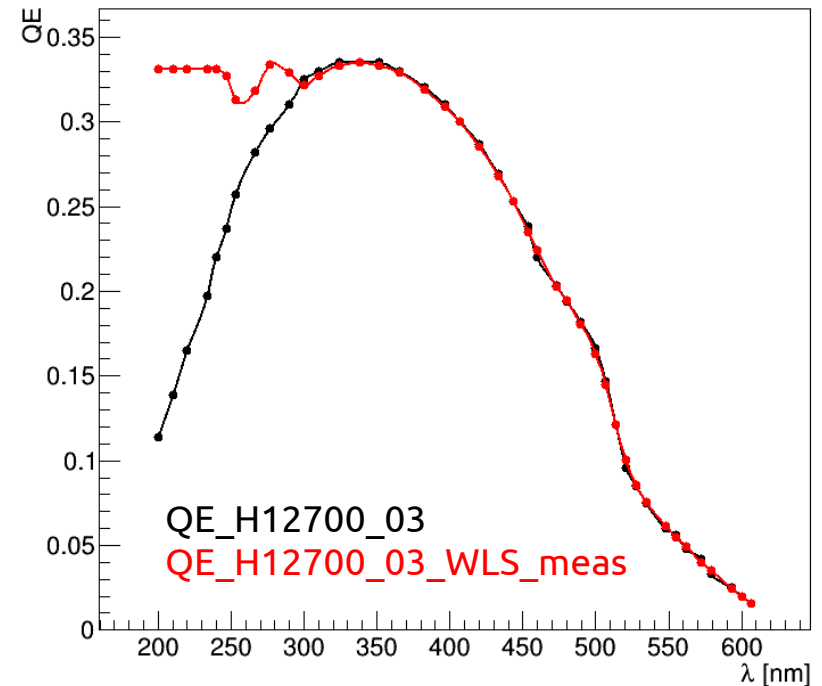
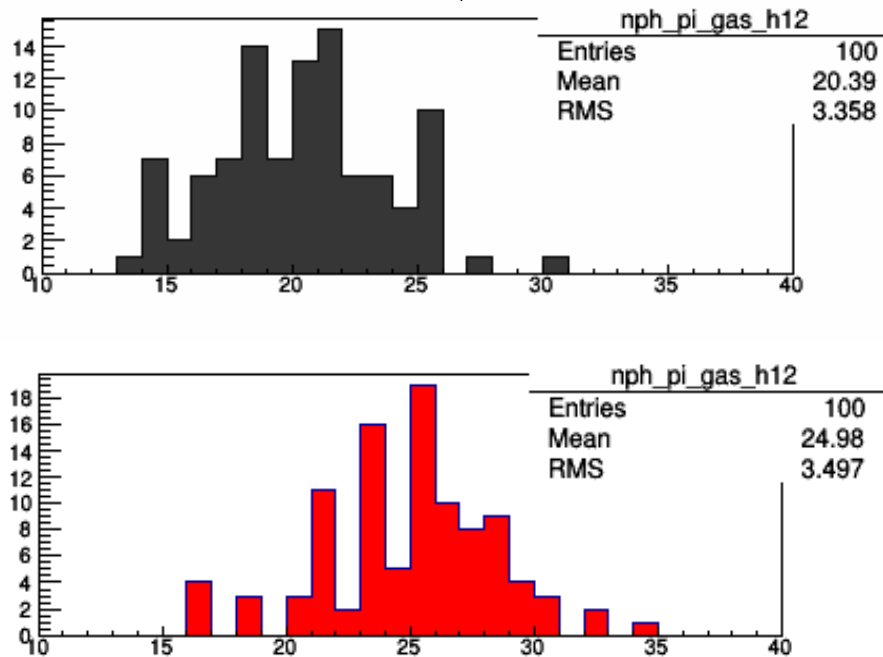
Marie Blatnik, Klaus Dehmelt, Abhay Deshpande, Dhruv Dixit, Nils Feege, Thomas K. Hemmick, Benji Lewis,
Martin L. Purschke, *Senior Member, IEEE*, William Roh, Fernando Torales-Acosta, Thomas Videbæk,
and Stephanie Zajac



- They have about 12 p.e. for a pion of 32 GeV/c
- The expected value from the simulation was 16 p. e.

Number of p.e. for the gas – CF₄ (n = 1.000482)

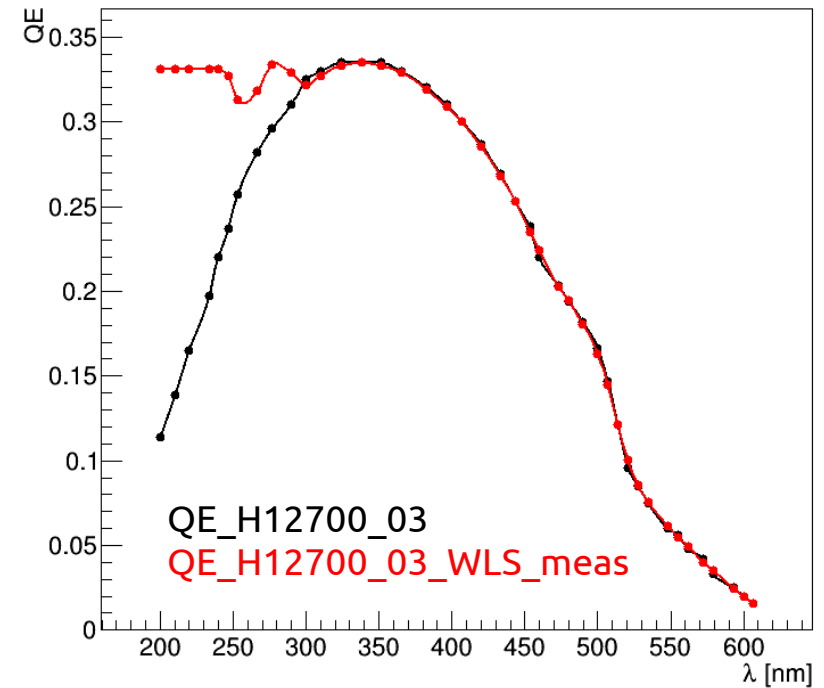
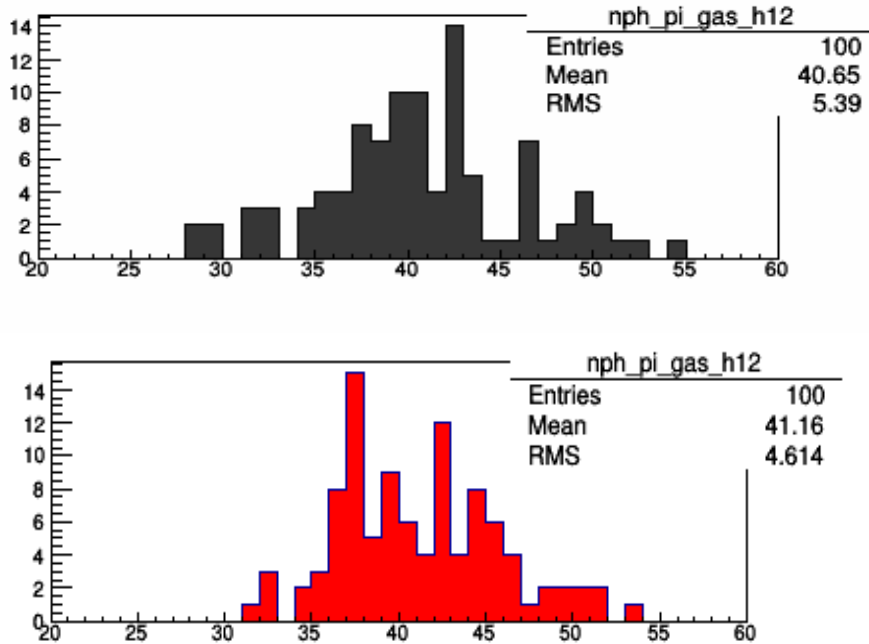
$$p_{\pi} = 31 \text{ GeV}/c$$



- Length of the gas tank about 1.6 m
- The Npe is obtained using all the efficiency factors: reflectivity, QE, photon pile up (pixel 3 mm), etc ...
- The above distributions are resized by $0.7 \cdot N_{pe}$, to be consistent with the experimental informations

Number of p.e. for the gas – C₂F₆ (n = 1.00086)

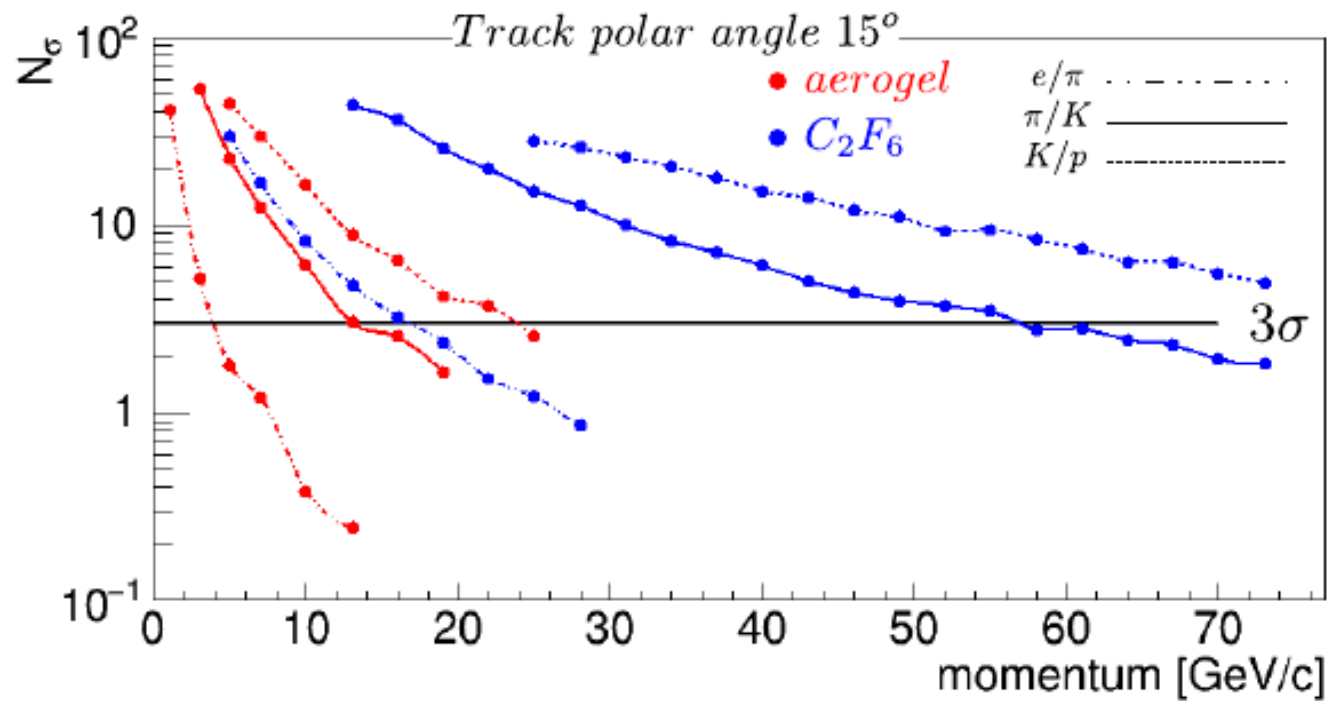
$$p_{\pi} = 31 \text{ GeV}/c$$

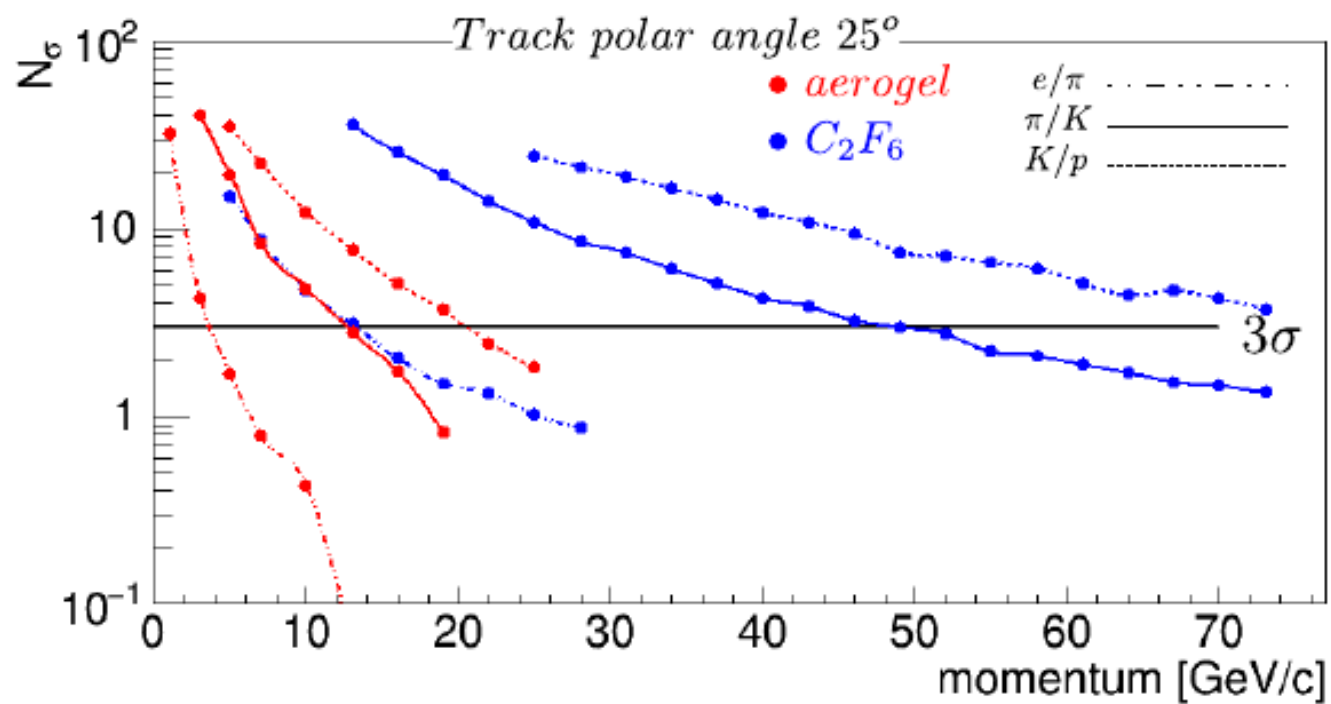
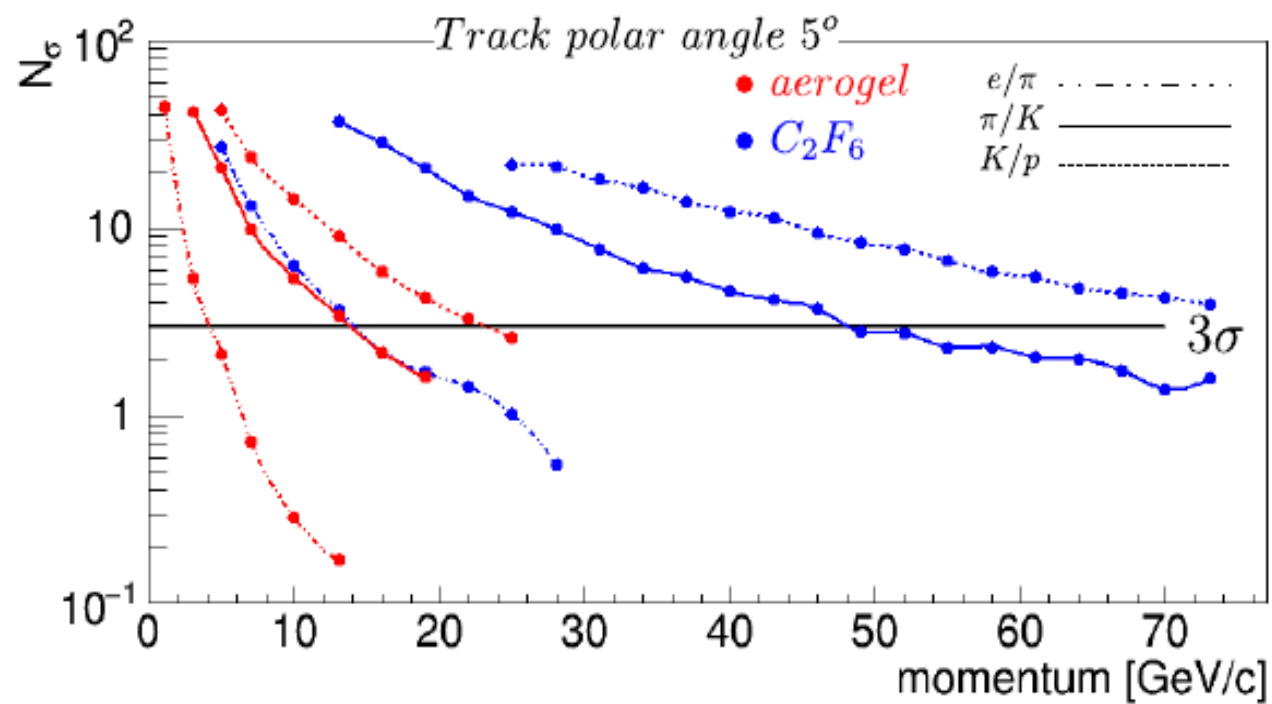


$$\lim_{\beta \rightarrow 1} N_{ph} = C \cdot L \cdot \epsilon(\lambda) \cdot \frac{n^2 - 1}{n^2} \propto \frac{n^2 - 1}{n^2}$$

- The above distributions are resized by $0.7 \cdot N_{pe}$, assuming the same normalization of CF₄

Performances with the filter (aerogel + C₂F₆)





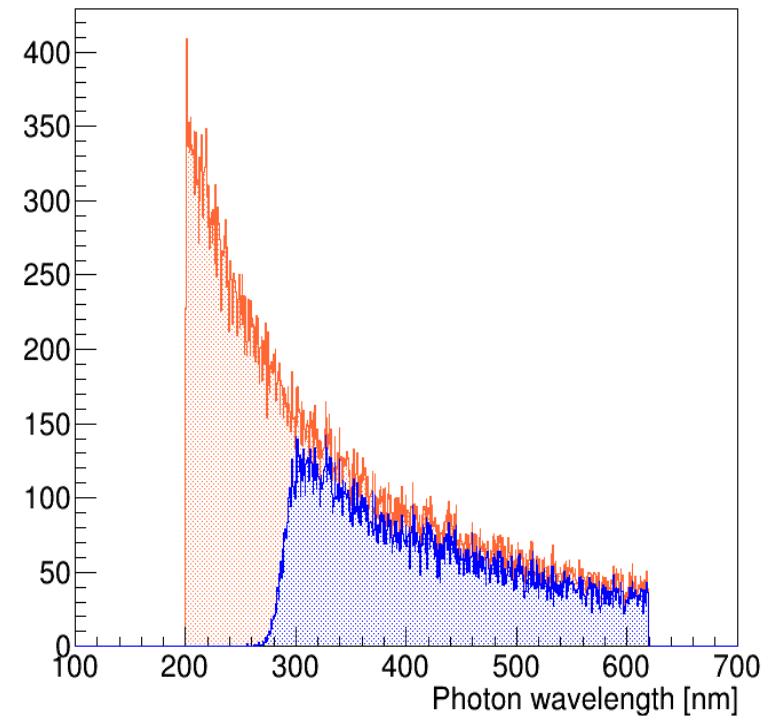
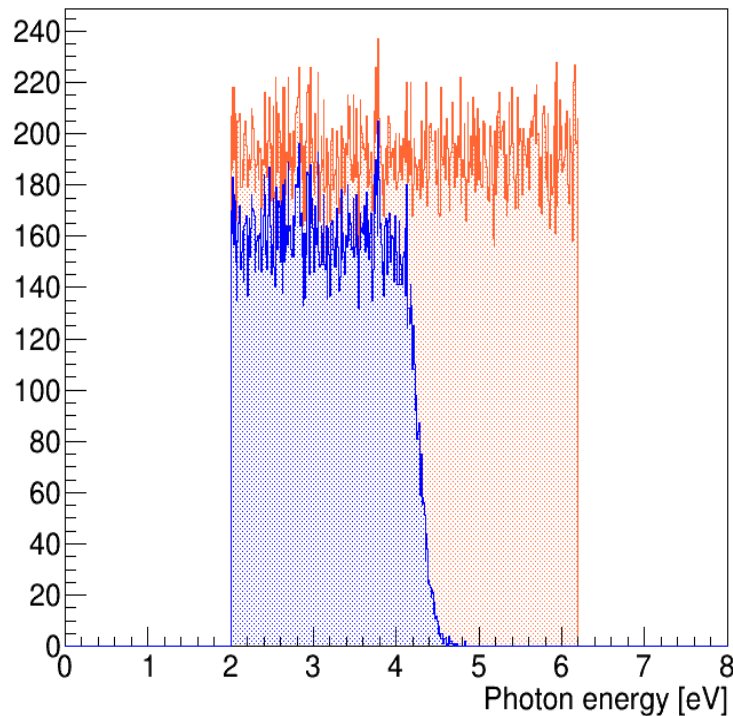
To do next

Next steps:

- Collaboration for BNL version of dual RICH
- Try to fit existing photo-detector devices on spherical a surface
- In general, To do list of FY17

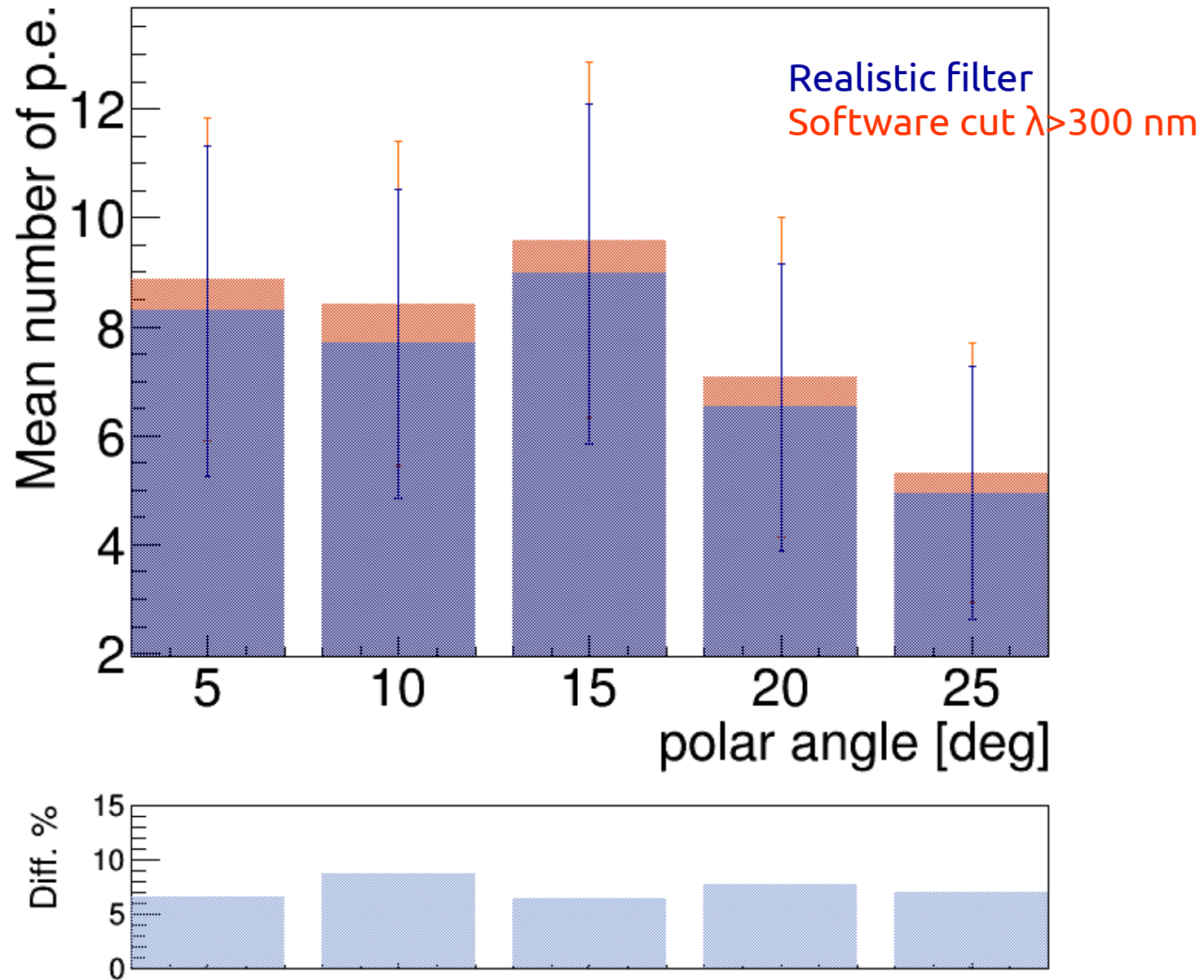
Filtered spectrum

This is the effect of the shield on a beam of photons of $E = [2, 6.2] \text{ eV}$



With the shield there is an additional absorption of photons, even in the good range!
A trade off is needed!

N_{pe} vs polar angle



Inefficiency vs polar angle

$$P(N_{ph} < 3) = \exp(-\langle N_{ph} \rangle)(1 + \langle N_{ph} \rangle + \langle N_{ph} \rangle^2 / 2)$$

